

# Staff Resilience and Wellbeing



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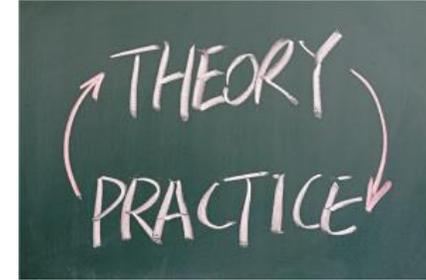
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Wellbeing for Education Return



# Introduction

1) Psychology, schools and the pandemic



2) Practical ideas for enhancing wellbeing



3) Questions to aid planning and reflections



# Psychology and the Pandemic

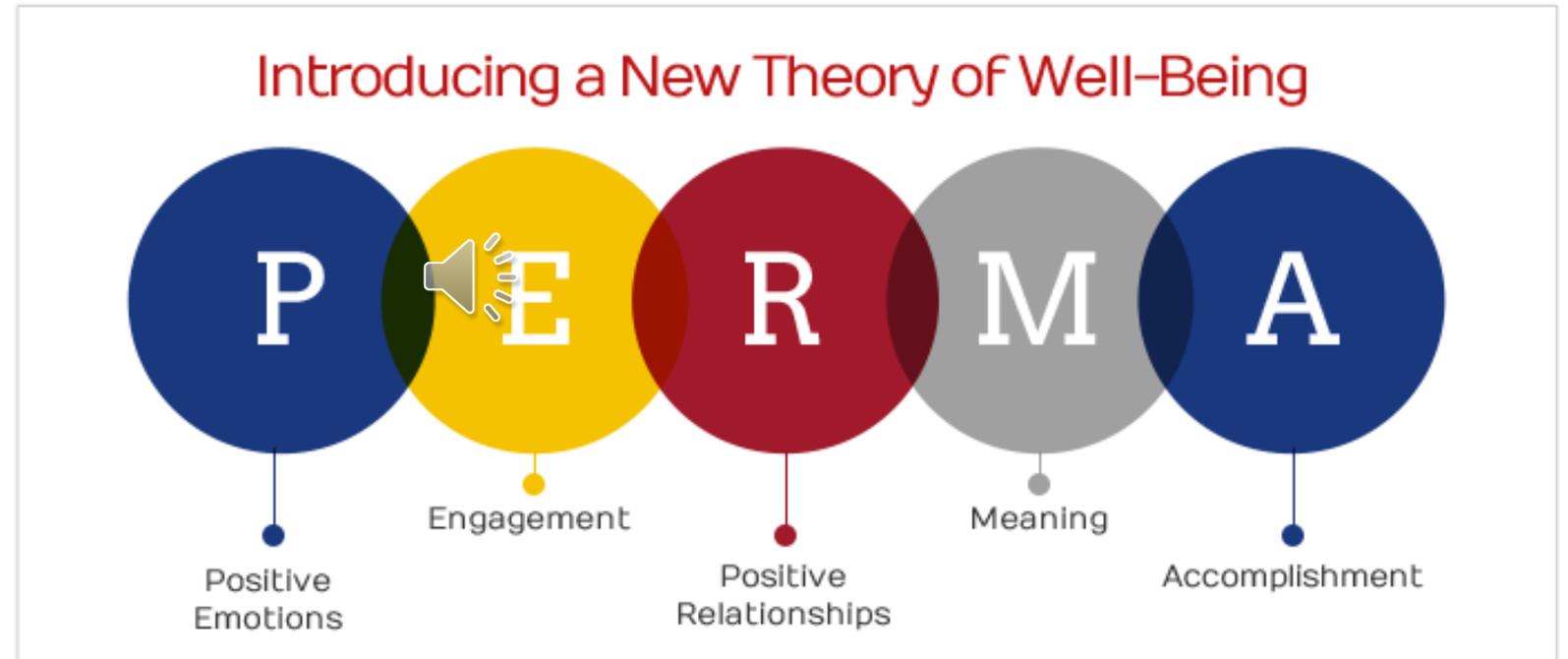


- Adaptation
- Uncertainty and our thoughts
- Monotony and opportunity
- Low mood, motivation and celebrating the small wins

*Smith and Barrett (2020)*

# Positive Psychology and Wellbeing

## Seligman's (2011) PERMA Model



# Positive Psychology and Wellbeing

**“The best moments in our lives are not the passive, receptive, relaxing times...The best moments usually occur when a person's body or mind is stretched to its limits in a voluntary effort to accomplish something difficult and worthwhile.”**

Mihaly Csikszentmihalyi (1990)

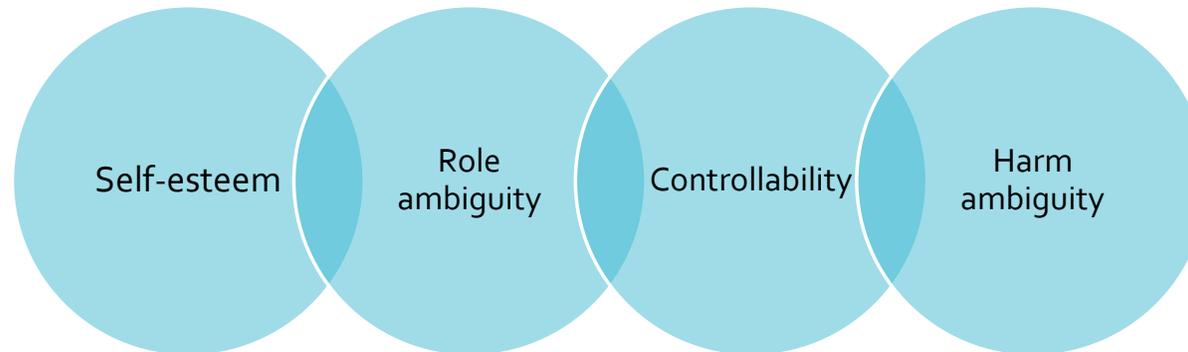


## FLOW



# Psychology and Stress

## Primary and Secondary Appraisals (Lazarus, 1999; 1991)



# Psychology and Stress

## Optimistic and Pessimistic Explanatory Styles

	<b>Optimist</b>	<b>Pessimist</b>
<b>Positive Experiences</b>	Stable Global Internal Control	Unstable Specific External Control
<b>Negative Experiences</b>	Unstable Specific External Control	Stable Global Internal Control

Weiner (1972); Kelley (1972); Heider (1958)

# Raising Resilience and Wellbeing

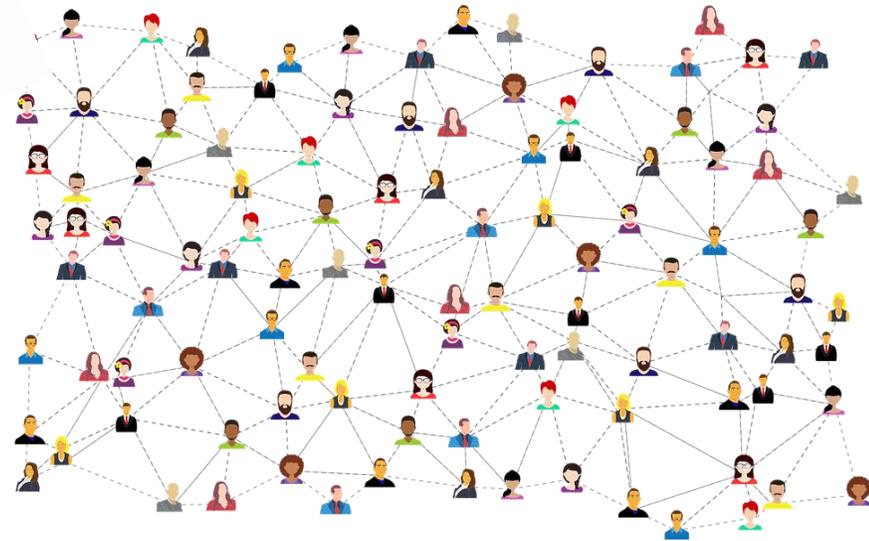
Resilience is not simply an individual trait but something that arises through interactions between people within a particular context.

Day et al. (2011)



**Mental Health**

Duffield (2019) found that resilience and well-being can be positively impacted by individuals seeking *and* providing help to colleagues



# Raising Resilience and Wellbeing



# Questions to Aid Planning and Reflections

## Adaptation and celebrating the small wins

- What has worked well during lockdown? Can this be applied to the school's long-term approach to teaching, collaboration, fostering wellbeing or relationship building?

## Clarity and accomplishment

- Have the school's goals and values been discussed with staff during the lockdown and recovery periods?
- How will the effectiveness of the school, the staff and progress of pupils be measured? (progress beyond attainment)
- What are the school's achievements which can be sensitively communicated to staff?

## Stress management

- Do staff have the opportunity to discuss and find solutions to address work-related stressors?
- Are there mechanisms in place to request support or alert school leaders when there are concerns regarding a colleague's wellbeing?
- What opportunities are in place for staff to share their concerns? In meetings? With peers? At the individual level? Is the *virtual* door open to key staff?

# Questions to Aid Planning and Reflections

## Social support and connecting

- How can staff continue to connect and support one another? (time, space)
- How is well-being defined within school? Is the well-being of staff reviewed within school?
- Are staff aware that they can discuss their own well-being? Consider the historical school culture for long-term staff.
- Have school staff been asked how they can be supported further?
- What opportunities are in place for teaching staff to foster relationships with pupils?

## Self-care



- Is there a designated space within school, to recover and recuperate?
- Are self-care strategies openly discussed within school?
- Are there opportunities for staff to discuss how to achieve greater work-life balance?

## Control, autonomy and empowerment

- How can staff's sense of control be enhanced?
- Do staff have an opportunity to share their own ideas? and then take these agreed ideas forward?